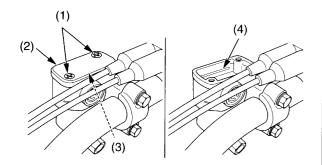
## Adding Front Brake Fluid

## NOTICE

Spilled brake fluid will severely damage instrument lenses and painted surfaces. It is also harmful to some rubber parts. Be careful whenever you remove the reservoir cap; make sure the reservoir is horizontal first.

- Always use fresh DOT 4 brake fluid from a sealed container when servicing the system. Do not mix different types of fluid, they may not be compatible.
- The recommended brake fluid is DOT 4 brake fluid or an equivalent.



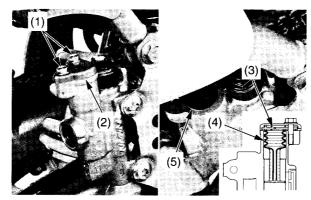
- (1) front brake reservoir cap screws
- (2) reservoir cap
- (3) diaphragm
- (4) upper level mark
- 1. Remove the front brake reservoir cap screws (1), reservoir cap (2) and diaphragm (3).
- 2. Fill the reservoir with DOT 4 brake fluid to the upper level mark (4). Do not overfill.
- 3. Install the diaphragm and reservoir cap.
- 4. Tighten the front brake reservoir cap screws to the specified torque:
  - 1.5 N·m (0.2 kgf·m, 1.1 lbf·ft)

## Adding Rear Brake Fluid

## NOTICE

Spilled brake fluid will severely damage instrument lenses and painted surfaces. It is also harmful to some rubber parts. Be careful whenever you remove the reservoir cap; make sure the reservoir is horizontal first.

- Always use fresh DOT 4 brake fluid from a sealed container when servicing the system. Do not mix different types of fluid, they may not be compatible.
- The recommended brake fluid is DOT 4 brake fluid or an equivalent.



- (1) rear brake reservoir cap bolts
- (2) reservoir cap
- (3) set plate
- (4) diaphragm
- (5) upper level mark
- 1. Remove the rear brake reservoir cap bolts (1) reservoir cap (2), set plate (3) and diaphragm (4).
- 2. Fill the reservoir with DOT 4 brake fluid to the upper level mark (5). Do not overfill.
- 3. Set the diaphragm as shown.
- 4. Install the set plate and reservoir cap.

- 5. Tighten the rear brake reservoir cap bolts to the specified torque:
  - 1.5 N·m (0.2 kgf·m, 1.1 lbf·ft)